

Unaudited Annual Financial Statements

for

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

As at 30 June 2015

Province: KwaZulu Natal

AFS rounding: *R* (*i.e.* only cents)

Contact Information:

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ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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General information

His Worship, Councillor Sibusiso Welcome Mdabe	Mayor
Councillor Thokozani Msweli	Speaker
Councillor Amita Badul	Member of the Executive Committee
Councillor Thami Jabulani Zondo	Member of the Executive Committee
Councillor Monitha Dolly Shandu	Member of the Executive Committee
Councillor Moosa Suleman Cassim Motala	Member of the Executive Committee
Councillor Samukelisiwe Gugú Xhakaza	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Nkosinathi Vincent Chili	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Susan Molebong Cele	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Jabulisiwe Mavis Cele	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Musawenkosi Simeon Ntuli	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Faith Govender	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Makhosonke Petros Ntuli	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Rejoice Nontsikelelo Pakkies	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Gideon Njabulo Mbonambi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Lucky Reginald Makhathini	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Musawenkosi Aubrey Maphumulo	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Andrew Gopaul	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Leonard Mandla Ndlovu	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Fuzile Pearl Nkosi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Zandile Sandy Thoolsi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Cebisile Prudence Ngidi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Velile Charline Nzama	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Lindelani Mbulelo Zondi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Jennifer A. Vallan	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Elphas Lindelihle Dube	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Catherine Tholakele Kumalo	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Lindelihle Rodger Mdletshe	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Langelihle Roney Mbonambi	<i>Member</i>
Councillor Dumisani Jotham Zubane	<i>Member</i>

Municipal Manager

P N Gameude - Appointed as Municipal Manager in
June 2015

Chief Financial Officer

Nosipho Mba - Appointed on 01 December 2011.

Grading of Local Authority

Four

Auditors

Auditor-General

Bankers

First National Bank

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General information (continued)

Ilembe House

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59/61 Mahatma Ghandhi Street
KWADUKUZA
4450

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KWADUKUZA
4450

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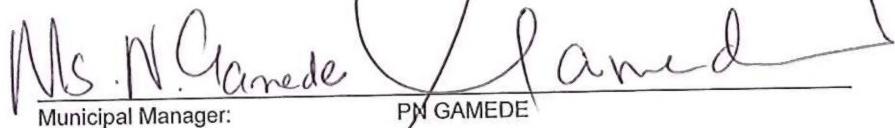
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Approval of annual financial statements

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, which are set out on pages 5 to 48, in terms of Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors, and payments made to Councillors for loss of office, if any, as disclosed in note 24 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.


Ms. N. Gamede

Municipal Manager:

PN GAMEDE

DATE:

31 August 2015

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ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 R	2014 R
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	31 863 096	44 838 379
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	2	136 201 879	110 077 074
Trade and other receivables from non exchange transactions	4	74 186 007	19 446 509
Inventories	6	14 941 091	7 078 439
Total current assets		257 192 073	181 440 400
Non-current assets			
Non-current receivables	7	-	17 307
Long term Investments	8	22 982 423	21 549 063
Other non-current financial assets	5	100	100
Property, plant and equipment	10	1 572 494 511	1 056 102 421
Intangible assets	12	4 579 024	6 010 666
Heritage Assets	11	205 578	205 578
Total non-current assets		1 600 261 636	1 083 885 135
Total assets		1 857 453 709	1 265 325 535
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	13	266 886 973	181 338 385
Trade and other payables from non - exchange transactions	14	9 767 521	23 475 118
Current portion of borrowings	15	1 516 041	3 115 127
Current portion of finance lease liability	16	8 426 370	1 452 292
Current portion of employee benefits	37	801 472	571 000
Total current current liabilities		287 398 376	209 951 923
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current borrowings	15	89 866 402	86 268 717
Non-current finance lease liability	16	23 196 864	441 046
Employee benefits	37	6 470 155	6 114 000
Total non-current liabilities		119 533 421	92 823 764
Total liabilities		406 931 797	302 775 686
Net assets		1 450 521 912	962 549 850
NET ASSETS			
Accumulated surplus		1 450 521 912	962 549 850
Total net assets		1 450 521 912	962 549 850

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 R	2014 R
Revenue from exchange transactions		170 238 980	153 909 730
Service charges	17	145 000 897	102 904 759
Rental of facilities and equipment	18	17 756	-
Interest earned - external investments	19	3 614 065	4 401 310
Interest earned - outstanding receivables	20	14 393 406	13 119 710
Other income	22	7 212 856	33 483 951
Revenue from non exchange transactions		712 659 888	565 222 234
Government grants and subsidies	21	712 659 888	565 222 234
Total revenue		882 898 868	719 131 964
Expenses			
Employee related costs	23	153 413 213	134 335 596
Remuneration of councillors	24	8 589 586	6 629 534
Bad debts	2	40 409 419	18 547 232
Depreciation, impairment and amortisation	25	-137 521 017	340 050 903
Repairs and maintenance		52 721 282	33 074 341
Finance costs	26	11 246 933	9 266 946
Bulk purchases	27	74 440 680	72 296 236
Contracted services	28	66 716 671	65 537 666
Grant Expenses	29	34 217 638	35 317 924
General expenses	30	89 921 612	77 217 476
Total expenses		394 156 016	792 273 854
Gain / (loss) on sale of assets		15 392	(999 838)
Forex gain/(loss)		(6 245)	(81 899)
		488 751 999	(74 223 627)

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	IDM Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) Total	R
Balance at 30 June 2013		1 076 355 275	
Prior year adjustments	31	(39 595 275)	
Restated balance		1 036 760 000	
Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of property of property, plant and equipment		-	
<i>Other items</i>		-	
<i>Other items</i>		-	
Transfers to / from accumulated surplus/(deficit)		-	
Surplus / (deficit) for the period		(74 210 152)	
Balance at 30 June 2014		962 549 849	
Correction of prior period error	31	(445 899)	
Restated balance		962 103 949	
Net gains and losses not recognised in the statement of financial performance			
Transfers to / from accumulated surplus/(deficit)		(334 037)	
Surplus / (deficit) for the period		488 751 999	
Balance at 30 June 2015		1 450 521 912	

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	IDM 2015 R	IDM 2014 R
Receipts			
Sales of goods and services		734 085 707	712 854 466
Grants		95 232 752	122 308 653
		638 852 954	590 545 813
Payments			
Employee costs		(374 361 446)	(378 531 822)
Suppliers		159 935 004	136 428 738
		214 426 442	242 103 085
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	32	359 724 261	334 322 644
Interest received		3 614 065	4 401 310
Interest paid		(11 246 933)	(9 266 946)
Net cash flows from operating activities		352 091 393	329 457 008
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of fixed assets (PPE)		(352 938 611)	(297 726 725)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		265 000	-
Increase in investments		(1 433 360)	(1 433 360)
Purchase of intangibles		(281 156)	(941 692)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(354 388 127)	(300 101 777)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings		(1 582 325)	(2 958 710)
Repayment of finance lease liability		(9 096 224)	(3 553 548)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(10 678 549)	(6 512 258)
Net increase / (decrease) in net cash and cash equivalents		(12 975 283)	22 842 973
Net cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		44 838 379	21 995 406
Net cash and cash equivalents at end of period	33	31 863 096	44 838 379

ILLEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS
As at 30 June 2015

Description	Budget Original Budget	Virement (Council Adjustments (i.e. s28 & s31 Of The MFMA) Approved By- law)	Final Budget	Actual Income/ Expenditure	Unauthorise d Expenditure	Variance	% Variance	Explanation of variances
	1 R	2 R	3 R	4 R	5 R	6 R	7 R	8 9
Service Charges	269 659 536	178 909 420	0	178 909 420	145 000 897	-33 908 523	-19%	The main reason for the variance is due to the fact that over 10 000 consumer conventional meters that have been replaced by the intelligent meter project are either not yet linked or consumers are not purchasing water. On sanitation, the variance is attributable to the fact that water consumption revenue was low hence affecting the sanitation revenue.
Investment Revenue	10 508 699	4 131 540	0	4 131 540	3 614 065	-517 475	-13%	The variance is due to changes in average interest rates offered by the banks on investments and the total amount invested with them.
Transfers Recognised - Operator Transfers)	332 550 336	358 674 150	0	358 674 150	360 624 097	1 949 946	1% Accept the variance as immaterial Some Revenue votes are dependant on certain factors, hence the amounts will not always tally. There has been a slow recovery of interest on outstanding debtors.	
Other Own Revenue (Excluding Capital Transfers)	28 775 232	39 389 172	0	39 389 172	21 624 019	-17 765 153	-45%	
	<u>641 493 803</u>	<u>581 104 281</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>581 104 281</u>	<u>530 863 076</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-50 241 205</u>	
Employee Costs	156 790 611	168 805 727	168 805 727	153 413 213	0	-15 392 514	-9% Accept the variance as immaterial	
Remuneration Of Councillors	7 389 333	8 089 333	8 089 333	8 589 586	500 253	500 253	6% Accept the variance as immaterial	
Debt Impairment	55 977 257	44 121 571	44 121 571	40 409 419	-3 712 153	-3 712 153	-8% Accept the variance as immaterial Impairment reversal in relation to condition	
Depreciation & Asset Impairment	26 176 976	48 960 423	48 960 423	-137 521 017	-186 481 440	-481 689	-381% assessment	
Finance Charges	11 728 622	11 728 622	11 728 622	11 246 933	5% Accept the variance as immaterial	5% Accept the variance as immaterial		
Materials & Bulk Purchases	88 316 871	120 618 273	120 618 273	127 161 963	0	6 543 690	Attributable to lease of vehicle, vehicle hire and other services of which some is related to the	
Contracted Services	45 557 000	78 944 892	78 944 892	66 716 671	-12 228 221	-321 723	-15% drought, i.e. hire of water tankers	
Grant Expenses	15 082 336	34 539 361	34 539 361	34 217 638	-321 723	-321 723	-1% Accept the variance as immaterial	
Other Expenditures	126 127 691	119 758 905	119 758 905	89 921 612	0	-29 837 293	The under expenditure is due to austerity measures in place, due to drought issues.	
Total Expenditure	<u>533 146 698</u>	<u>635 567 107</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>635 567 107</u>	<u>394 156 016</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-241 411 090</u>	
Surplus/(Deficit)	<u>108 347 105</u>	<u>-54 462 825</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-54 462 825</u>	<u>136 707 060</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>191 169 885</u>	
Transfers Recognised - Capital Contributions Recognised -	216 688 000	252 993 674	0	252 993 674	276 684 392	23 690 718	9% Accept as immaterial Grant amount includes payments relating to laste year debtors hence the deemed under	
Capital & Contributed Assets	110 000 000	110 000 000	0	110 000 000	75 351 400	-34 648 600	-31% expenditure.	

9

Transfers Recognised - Capital Contributions Recognised -

Capital & Contributed Assets

Description	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 & s31 Of The MFMA)	Virement (Council Approved By- law)	Final Budget	Actual Income/ Expenditure	Unauthorise d Expenditure	Variance	% Variance	Explanation of variances
Surplus/(Deficit) After Capital Transfers	435 035 105	308 530 849	0	308 530 849	488 742 852	0	180 212 003	9 147	9 147
Profit/(Loss)									
Surplus/(Deficit) For The Year	435 035 105	308 530 849	0	308 530 849	488 751 999	0	180 221 150	9 147	9 147
Capital Expenditure & Funds Sources									
Capital Expenditure									
Transfers Recognised - Capital	207 621 053	229 542 660	0	229 542 660	249 439 137	0	19 896 477	9%	Expenditure on grants will improve by year end
Public Contributions & Donations	78 947 368	78 947 368	0	78 947 368	72 534 056	0	-6 413 313	-8%	Accept the variance as immaterial
Internally Generated Funds	24 196 000	26 396 000	0	26 396 000	31 306 045	0	4 910 045	19%	Austerity measures
Total Sources Of Capital Funds	310 764 421	334 886 029	0	334 886 029	353 279 238	0	18 393 209		

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
As at 30 June 2015

1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

1.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the effective South African Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), as approved by the Minister of Finance, including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant policy.

1.2 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis except for the following material item in the statement of financial position:

the defined benefit liability is recognised as the net total of the plan assets, plus unrecognised past service cost and unrecognised actuarial losses, less unrecognised actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the Standards of GRAP have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 7,11 and 12 of GRAP 3 *Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors*. These accounting policies and the applicable disclosures have been based on International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and the South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (SA GAAP), including any interpretations of such statements issued by the Accounting Practices Board.

1.3 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality. All financial information has been rounded to the nearest Rand.

1.4 OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the municipality has a legal right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is required or permitted by a standard of GRAP.

1.5 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

1.6 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GRAP requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future.

1.7 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. The municipality shall present a comparison of budget and actual amounts as additional budget columns in the primary financial statements only where the financial statements and the budget are prepared on a comparable basis. All comparisons of budget and actual amounts shall be presented on a comparable basis to the budget. The municipality shall explain in notes to the financial statements the budgetary basis and classification basis adopted in the approved budget (refer note 1.10).

1.8 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality. Application of all of the GRAP standards noted below will be effective from a date to be announced by the Minister of Finance. The effective dates are currently unknown.

GRAP 18 Segment Reporting - issued February 2011

GRAP 20 Related Party Disclosures - issued June 2011

GRAP 32 Service Concession Arrangements (Grantor) - issued August 2013

GRAP 105 Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control - issued November 2010

GRAP 106 Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control - issued November 2010

GRAP 107 Mergers - issued November 2010

GRAP 108 Statutory Debtors - issued September 2013

1.9 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED AND EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued and are effective and have been adopted by the municipality.

GRAP 25 Employee Benefits - effective 01 April 2013

The impact of the application of these standards on the municipality's annual financial statements is as follows:

GRAP 25 - Requirements of GRAP 25 are similar to the requirements of IAS 19 Employee Benefits applied by the municipality during the 2012/13 financial year except for the fact that GRAP 25 requires actuarial gains and losses to be recognised in full in the year that they occur and past service costs to be recognised as an expense in the reporting period in which the plan is amended. No material impact is expected from these changes

1.10 PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The budget is mainly approved on a cash basis by functional classification. The approved budget covers the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015. The budget and accounting bases for some votes differ. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis using a classification on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance. The financial statements differ from the budget, which is approved on the cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by functional classification to be on the same basis as the final approved budget. The amounts of these adjustments are identified in note 41. A reconciliation between the actual amounts on a comparable basis as presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actual amounts in the cash flow statement for the period ended 30 June 2014 is presented in note 41. The financial statements and budget documents are prepared for the same period. There is a basis difference: the budget is mainly prepared on a cash basis and the financial statements on the accrual basis. The reconciliation as required by GRAP 24 is also shown in note 41. The statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts is disclosed as a statement in the annual financial statements.

Differences between budget and actual amounts are regarded as material when a more than 10% variance exists.

All material differences are explained in the notes to the annual financial statements.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies had been applied consistently during the current and previous reporting period, as set out in note 1.2

2.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2.1.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, its deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

2.1.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

2.1.3 DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately.

Depreciation commences when an asset is available for use and ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is derecognised or classified as held for sale in accordance with GRAP 100 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. A non-current asset or disposal group is not depreciated while it is classified as held for sale.

Infrastructure	Years	Other	Years
Water	10 - 60	Machinery and equipment	3 - 20
Sewerage	10 - 60	Furniture and equipment	3 - 50
Other	10 - 50	Motor vehicles	4 - 20

The residual value, the useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance - refer to note 19 for further information on impairment of assets.

2.1.4 DERECOGNITION

Items of Property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

2.1.5 LEASED ASSETS

Leases in terms of which the municipality assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Other leases are classified as operating leases. Upon initial recognition of assets leased under finance leases, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

3.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. Examples include computer software, licences, and development costs. The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the municipality has the resources to complete the project; and
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

subsequent

3.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

3.3 AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Computer software and websites 2 - 5 Years

The municipality tests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date - refer to note 19 for further information on impairment of assets. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

3.4 DERECOGNITION

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

4

HERITAGE ASSETS

4.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT

Heritage assets are assets that are normally held indefinitely for their unique cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance for the benefit of future generations.

Certain heritage assets are described as inalienable items thus assets which are retained indefinitely and cannot be disposed of without consent as required by law or otherwise.

4.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

After recognition as an asset, a class of heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

4.3 DEPRECIATION & IMPAIRMENT

Heritage assets are not depreciated. The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a heritage asset may be impaired - refer to note 18 for further information on impairment of assets.

In assessing whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, the municipality considers, as a minimum, the following indications:

4.3.1 External sources of information

- (a) During the period, a heritage asset's market value has declined significantly more than would be expected as a result of the passage of time or normal use.
- (b) The absence of an active market for a revalued heritage asset.

4.3.2 Internal sources of information

- (a) Evidence is available of physical damage or deterioration of a heritage asset.
- (b) A decision to halt the construction of the heritage asset before it is complete or in a usable form.

4.4 DERECOGNITION

The carrying amount of a heritage asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from derecognition of a heritage asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amounts of the heritage asset. Such difference is recognised in surplus or deficit when the heritage asset is derecognised.

5

INVENTORIES

5.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

5.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

5.3 WATER INVENTORY

Water inventory represents water housed in reservoirs within the municipal area and is measured at the lower of cost, which is deemed to be fair value, and net realisable value. In the absence of a market that trades in water outside of local government, the fair value utilised to quantify water inventory is based on the unit reference value. The unit reference value is a determined by a formula that is utilised in the engineering department to calculate the development cost of new water resources.

6 INVESTMENTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

In the municipality's separate annual financial statements, investments in controlled entities are measured at cost.

7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

7.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or residual interest of another entity. A financial asset is:

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to:

deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or
exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity.

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions. Financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting

7.2 INITIAL MEASUREMENT

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value and plus transaction costs for financial instruments at amortised cost or cost. Fair value is usually the transaction cost at the date of recognition. For financial instruments at amortised cost, if the transaction cost is not market related i.e. no interest is charged for deferred payments or when the account is overdue, or interest charged is at below- market related rate: the municipality determines the fair value. The fair value is the present value of the expected future cash flows, without taking into account any future losses or the possibility of default, discounted using a market related interest rate, adjusted for credit risk over the expected life of the financial instrument. For financial instruments at fair value, the fair value is determined based on quoted prices in an active market. If there is no active market, it is determined using valuation techniques. For financial instruments at cost, the financial instrument is only measured at cost if the fair value can not be measured reliably. Where a financial instrument contains both a liability and a residual interest component, the municipality allocates the instrument into its component parts. The municipality recognises the liability at its fair value and recognises the residual interest as the difference between the carrying amount of the instrument and the fair value of the liability component. No gain or loss is recognised by separating the instrument into its components.

7.3 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured either at fair value, or amortised cost or cost using the following categories:

- (a) Financial instruments at fair value
- (b) Financial instruments at amortised cost
- (c) Financial instruments at cost

7.3.1 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

Financial instruments at fair value comprise financial assets or financial liabilities that are derivatives , combined instruments that are designated at fair value, instruments held for trading , financial instruments that do not meet the definition of financial instruments at amortised cost or financial instruments at cost and non derivative financial assets or financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are designated at fair value at initial recognition. Financial instrument at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in surplus or deficit.

7.3.2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTISED COST

Financial instruments at amortised cost , are non-derivative financial assets or financial liabilities that have fixed or determinable payments , excluding those the municipality designates at fair value at initial recognition or are held for trading. Financial instruments at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated cash flows associated with the financial instrument through the expected life of the instrument (or in some cases a shorter period) to the net carrying amount at initial recognition. Financial assets are subject to annual impairment review. Refer to note 7.6 for details on impairment and uncollectability of financial assets.

7.3.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT COST

Financial instruments at cost are investments in residual interests that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. Financial instruments at cost are subsequently measured at cost if the fair value cannot be reliably determined. Financial assets are subject to annual impairment review. Refer to note 7.6 for details on impairment and uncollectability of financial assets.

7.4 RECLASSIFICATIONS

The municipality does not reclassify a financial instrument when it is issued or held , except for a combined instrument that is required to be measured at fair value or an investment in residual interest subject to certain requirements.

7.5 GAINS AND LOSSES

Gains and losses on fair value measurements ,reclassifications , impairment , derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

7.6 IMPAIRMENT AND UNCOLLECTABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets are subject to annual impairment review as follows:

7.6.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

For financial assets at amortised cost; the municipality assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on a financial asset has been incurred, the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. The municipality assesses financial assets individually, when assets are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Where no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed asset, (whether individually significant or not), an entity includes the assets in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assess them for impairment. The impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit by reducing the carrying amount either directly or through the use of an allowance account. If, in a period after an impairment loss has been recognised, events occur or circumstances change that indicate that the impairment loss recognised in a previous period should be reversed, the municipality reverses the impairment loss previously recognised either directly or by adjusting an allowance account.

7.6.2 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT COST

For financial assets at cost; the municipality assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on a financial asset has been incurred, the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. The impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flow discounted at the current market rate of return for similar financial assets. The impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit by reducing the carrying amount directly. The impairment loss is never reversed in subsequent periods.

7.7 DERECOGNITION

7.7.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS

The municipality derecognises financial assets using trade date accounting. The municipality derecognises a financial asset only when:

- (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, are settled or waived;
- (b) the municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset; or
- (c) the municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, has transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the municipality shall:
 - (i) derecognise the asset; and
 - (ii) recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

7.7.2 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The municipality removes a financial liability from its statement of financial position when , and only, it is extinguished . A financial liability is extinguished when the debtor either:

- (a) Discharges the liability by paying the creditor, normally with cash, other financial liabilities , goods or services.
 - (b) Is legally released from primary responsibility for the liability either by process(expires) of law or by the creditor (cancelled). If the debtor has given a guarantee , this condition may still be met.
 - (c) Waives the debt or it is assumed by another municipality by way of a non- exchange transaction.
- Interest, dividends or similar distributions , losses and gains relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability should be recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit. A financial asset and a financial liability should be offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when and when , the municipality:
- (i) Currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
 - (ii) Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

8

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTION

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the municipality at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in surplus or deficit, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale financial instruments, which are recognised in net assets.

UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is defined in section 1 of the MFMA as follows:

"unauthorised expenditure", in relation to a municipality, means any expenditure incurred by a municipality otherwise than in accordance with section 15 or 11(3), and includes—

- (a) overspending of the total amount appropriated in the municipality's approved budget;
- (b) overspending of the total amount appropriated for a vote in the approved budget;
- (c) expenditure from a vote unrelated to the department or functional area covered by the vote;
- (d) expenditure of money appropriated for a specific purpose, otherwise than for that specific purpose;
- (e) spending of an allocation referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of "allocation" otherwise than in accordance with any conditions of the allocation; or
- (f) a grant by the municipality otherwise than in accordance with this Act.

9.1 IDENTIFICATION AND INTERNAL REPORTING

Unauthorised expenditure is identified through the municipality's financial system application controls. On identification of the unauthorised expenditure due to overspending on specific votes, the relevant Head of department is notified, where funds are available on other votes within the directorate, virements are made within the provisions of the virement policy. If after the provisions of the virement policy are applied, the unauthorised expenditure still remains/exist, it is recorded in the unauthorised expenditure register and reported to the accounting officer, mayor and council in terms of MFMA section 32.

9.2 COUNCIL DECISION AND ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Unauthorised expenditure that is incurred before the adjustment budget process is finalised is condoned by council through the adjustment budget. Unauthorised expenditure that is incurred after the adjustments budget is referred to the Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) for investigation and recommendation to council. Where MPAC after investigation, recommends to council to certify the unauthorised expenditure as irrecoverable and write - off, the unauthorised expenditure is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements as condoned by council. Where MPAC determines after investigation, that the unauthorised expenditure must be recovered from the relevant official, the unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an asset (debtor) in the statement of financial position and also disclosed in the unauthorised expenditure note as unauthorised expenditure incurred in the current financial year.

9.3 EXTERNAL REPORTING

The accounting officer of the municipality promptly informs the mayor, the MEC for local government in the province and the Auditor - General, in writing, of:

- (a) Any unauthorised expenditure incurred by the municipality;
- (b) Whether any person is responsible or under investigation for such unauthorised expenditure; and
- (c) The steps that have been taken-
 - (i) To recover or rectify such expenditure; and
 - (ii) To prevent a recurrence of such expenditure

10 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is defined in section 1 of the MFMA as follows:

"irregular expenditure", in relation to a municipality or municipal entity, means—

- (a) expenditure incurred by a municipality or municipal entity in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of this Act, and which has not been condoned in terms of section 170;
 - (b) expenditure incurred by a municipality or municipal entity in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the Municipal Systems Act, and which has not been condoned in terms of that Act;
 - (c) expenditure incurred by a municipality in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the Public Office-Bearers Act, 1998 (Act No. 20 of 1998); or
 - (d) expenditure incurred by a municipality or municipal entity in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the supply chain management policy of the municipality or entity or any of the municipality's by-laws giving effect to such policy, and which has not been condoned in terms of such policy or by-law,
- but excludes expenditure by a municipality which falls within the definition of "unauthorised expenditure".

10.1 IDENTIFICATION AND INTERNAL REPORTING

Every expenditure item is reviewed before payment is made to identify any instances of non-compliance with the relevant Acts and supply chain management policy of the municipality. Where an expenditure item is identified as irregular expenditure, it is recorded in the irregular expenditure register and reported to the accounting officer, mayor and council in terms of MFMA section 32.

10.2 COUNCIL DECISION AND ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Irregular expenditure reported to council is referred to the Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) for investigation and recommendation to council. Where MPAC after investigation, recommends to council to certify the irregular expenditure as irrecoverable and write - off, the irregular expenditure is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements as certified and written - off by council as irrecoverable. Where MPAC determines after investigation, that the irregular expenditure must be recovered from the relevant official, the irregular expenditure is recognised as an asset (debtor) in the statement of financial position and also disclosed in the irregular expenditure note as irregular expenditure incurred in the current financial year.

10.3 EXTERNAL REPORTING

The accounting officer of the municipality promptly informs the mayor, the MEC for local government in the province and the Auditor - General, in writing, of:

- (a) Any irregular expenditure incurred by the municipality;
- (b) Whether any person is responsible or under investigation for such irregular expenditure; and
- (c) The steps that have been taken-
 - (i) To recover or rectify such expenditure; and
 - (ii) To prevent a recurrence of such expenditure

11 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is defined in section 1 of the MFMA as follows:
"fruitless and wasteful expenditure" means expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

11.1 IDENTIFICATION AND INTERNAL REPORTING

Every expenditure item is reviewed before payment is made to identify whether it meets the definition of fruitless and wasteful expenditure. Where an expenditure item is identified as fruitless and wasteful expenditure, it is recorded in the fruitless and wasteful expenditure register and reported to the accounting officer, mayor and council in terms of MFMA section 32.

11.2 COUNCIL DECISION AND ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure reported to council is referred to the Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) for investigation and recommendation to council. Where MPAC after investigation, recommends to council to certify the fruitless and wasteful expenditure as irrecoverable and write - off, the fruitless and wasteful expenditure is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements as certified and written - off by council as irrecoverable. Where MPAC determines after investigation, that the fruitless and wasteful expenditure must be recovered from the relevant official, the fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an asset (debtor) in the statement of financial position and also disclosed in the fruitless and wasteful expenditure note as fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred in the current financial year.

11.3 EXTERNAL REPORTING

The accounting officer of the municipality promptly informs the mayor, the MEC for local government in the province and the Auditor - General, in writing, of:

- (a) Any irregular expenditure incurred by the municipality;
- (b) Whether any person is responsible or under investigation for such fruitless and wasteful expenditure; and
- (c) The steps that have been taken-
 - (i) To recover or rectify such expenditure; and
 - (ii) To prevent a recurrence of such expenditure

12 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
- (b) The municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

13 LEASES

13.1 MUNICIPALITY AS LESSEE

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant, equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables. The lease asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life or the lease term.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are accrued on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

13.2 MUNICIPALITY AS LESSOR

Under a finance lease, the municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to derecognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The tariff in respect of sewerage is based on the value of consumption used from one point of meter supply

14 REVENUE

14.1 REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered / goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Service charges relating to water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period. Further adjustments are made to take into account staggered tariffs where applicable. The estimates of consumption between meter readings are based on 6 months average reading history.

Service charges from sewerage and sanitation are based on the value of consumption used from one point of meter supply and this is set out in the tariffs of charges approved by Council.

Revenue from the sale of water prepaid meter cards is recognized based on consumption except where a reliable estimate cannot be made after every reasonable effort to gather appropriate information had been made. In these instances, revenue is recognized at the point of sale.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods is passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

14.2 REVENUE FROM NON - EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from non-exchange transactions are transactions where the municipality receives revenue and provide no or a nominal consideration directly in return.

A transaction can be a combination of exchange and non-exchange transactions. In these instances the municipality determines what portion of the transaction is an exchange transaction and what portion is a non-exchange transaction and then recognise it separately.

Most non-exchange transactions that the municipality enters into involve stipulations on transferred assets are in terms in laws or regulations, or a binding arrangement, imposed upon the use of a transferred asset by entities external to the municipality. Stipulations can either be in the form of conditions or in the form of restrictions. For both conditions and restrictions the municipality may be required to use the transferred asset for a particular purpose. The municipality uses substance over form to determine whether a stipulation is a condition or restriction.

14.3 RECOGNITION

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction, other than services in-kind, that meets the definition of an asset are recognised as an asset when all of the following criteria have been satisfied:

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset is recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow (which is the case when a stipulation is a condition).

Liabilities are recognised for conditions to be met which is attached to the transferred asset. The liability is discharged and revenue recognised as the conditions are satisfied.

The municipality does not recognise service in - kind.

The municipality recognises revenue from vat refunds on cash basis.

14.4 MEASUREMENT

Non-monetary assets such as property, plant and equipment, investment property and inventory, acquired through a non-exchange transaction, are initially measured at its fair value on acquisition date.

Monetary assets arising out of a contractual agreement, such as cash and receivables, are initially measured at fair value on acquisition date.

Revenue is measured at the amount equal to the increase in net assets (i.e. the net effect).

The amount recognised as a liability is the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Revenue from vat refunds is measured at gross amounts.

15

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset unless it is inappropriate to do so. The municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. It is considered inappropriate to capitalise borrowing costs where the link between the funds borrowed and the capital asset acquired cannot be adequately established. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in surplus or deficit when incurred.

16

EMPLOYEES BENEFITS

16.1 SHORT-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past service or performance and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits that are unpaid at year-end are measured at the undiscounted amount that the municipality expects to pay in exchange for that service and had accumulated at the reporting date.

16.2 POST- EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

16.2.1 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The municipality has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to service in the current or prior periods.

The municipality's contributions to the defined contribution funds are established in terms of the rules governing those plans. Contributions are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which the service is rendered by the relevant employees, unless another standard requires or permits the inclusion of the contribution in the cost of an asset. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past service or performance and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Where contributions to a defined contribution plan do not fall due wholly within twelve months after end of the period in which the employees render the related service, they are discounted using a risk-free rate determined by reference to market yields at the reporting date on government bonds, or by reference to market yields on high quality corporate bonds. The municipality contributes to various national-and provincial-administered defined benefit plans on behalf of its qualifying employees. These funds are multi-employer plans and are accounted for as defined contribution plans as there is no consistent and reliable basis available for allocating the obligation, plan assets and cost to individual municipalities participating in the plan. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are expensed in the year it becomes payable. These multi-employer plans are actuarially valued annually on a national-or provincial level using the projected unit credit method. Deficits are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis from all participating municipalities. Payments made to industry-managed (or state plans) retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as defined contribution plans where the municipality's obligation under the schemes is equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan.

16.2.2 DEFINED BENEFITS PLANS

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. It defines an amount of benefit that an employee will receive on retirement. The municipality's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. These benefits are discounted to determine its present value. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service costs, and reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on AA credit-rated bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the municipality's obligations and that are denominated in the same currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid. The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a benefit to the municipality, the recognised asset is limited to the total of any unrecognised past service costs and the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements that apply to any plan in the municipality. An economic benefit is available to the municipality if it is realisable during the life of the plan, or on settlement of the plan liabilities.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past service or performance and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

When it is virtually certain that another party will reimburse some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation, the right to reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset. The asset is measured at fair value. In all other respects, the asset is treated in the same way as plan assets. The expense relating to a defined benefit plan is presented as the net of the amount recognised for a reimbursement.

When the benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

The municipality immediately recognises all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans directly in net assets.

16.2.3 OTHER LONG - TERM BENEFITS PLANS

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the municipality.

The municipality's net obligation in respect of long service awards is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of any related assets is deducted to determine the net obligation.

The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on AA credit-rated bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the municipality's obligations. The calculation is performed using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains and losses are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

16.2.4 TERMINATION BENEFITS

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the municipality is committed demonstrably, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the municipality has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

17

VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

The municipality accounts for VAT on the cash basis. The municipality is liable to account for VAT at the standard rate (14%) in terms of section 7 (1) (a) of the VAT Act in respect of the supply of goods or services, except where the supplies are specifically zero-rated in terms of section 11, exempted in terms of section 12 of the VAT Act or is out of scope for VAT purposes. The municipality accounts for VAT on a monthly basis.

18

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Primary objective for cash generating assets is to generate a commercial return and the primary objective for non- cash generating asset is service delivery. The municipality uses the following sets of questions as a criteria to distinguish between cash generating and non-cash generating assets:

- (a) Was the asset acquired to generate a commercial return?
- (b) Does the asset operate independently from other assets?
- (c) Does the asset generate cash flows independently from other assets?

If the answer is yes to all of these questions, then the municipality accounts for the asset as a cash generating asset. If the above criteria is not met, the municipality accounts for the asset as non-cash generating asset.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also:

- tests intangible assets with an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test is performed during the annual period and at the same time every period.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable service amount of an asset or a non - cash generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The recoverable carrying amount is higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

Value in use of a cash generating asset is determined as the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Value in use of a non cash generating asset is determined as the present value of the asset's remaining service potential.

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows:

- to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM 2 EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	Gross Balances	Provision for Bad debts	Net Balance
	R		
<u>Trade receivables</u>			
as at 30 June 2015			
Service debtors			
Water and Sewerage	209 575 679	88 862 177	120 713 502
Direct Deposits	(2 017 332)	-	(2 017 332)
Total	207 558 347	88 862 177	118 696 170
<u>Other Receivables</u>			
Umngeni water debtor	334 858	-	334 858
Accrued interest	35 524	-	35 524
Ilembe Enterprise	-	-	-
Outstanding deposits	1 512 610	-	1 512 610
Sundry Debtors	324 035	-	324 035
Other debtors	4 479 271	-	4 479 271
RD Cheques	3 685	-	3 685
Sundry Debtors - F/W Expenditure	15 015	10 000	5 015
Acknowledgement of debt	403 467	-	403 467
Vat receivable	10 731 280	-	10 731 280
Total other Receivables	17 839 745	10 000	17 505 710

VAT is payable on the receipts basis. VAT is paid over to SARS only once payment is received from debtors.

Total Trade and other receivables

225 398 092 88 872 177 136 201 879

as at June 2014

Service debtors

Water and Sewerage	166 710 220	75 655 325	91 054 895
Direct Deposits	(426 628)	-	(426 628)
Total	166 283 592	75 655 325	90 628 267

Other receivables

Umngeni water debtor	5 730 444	-	5 730 444
Accrued interest	80 137	-	80 137
Ilembe Enterprise	402 924	-	402 924
Outstanding deposits	996 961	-	996 961
Other debtors	11 748 661	-	11 748 661
Acknowledgement Of Debts	489 679	-	489 679
Other receivables	19 448 807	-	19 448 807

Total Trade and other receivables

185 732 399 75 655 325 110 077 074

Summary of Debtors by Customer Classification

Residential	Industrial/Comme rcial	National and Provincial Government
R	R	R

as at 30 June 2015

Current (0 – 30 days)	10 383 192.40	989 034	1 628 942
31 - 60 Days	8 758 160	2 586 947	1 438 393
61 - 90 Days	7 724 820	470 919	658 317
91 - 120 Days	6 892 410	151 941	524 142
121 - 365 Days	7 313 555	125 132	478 212
+ 365 Days	150 016 354	2 577 137	6 858 070
Sub-total	191 088 492	6 901 111	11 586 076
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(88 862 177)	-	-
Total debtors by customer classification	102 226 315	6 901 111	11 586 076

at 30 June 2014

Current (0 – 30 days)	14 935 310	476 654	1 008 243
31 - 60 Days	16 524 318	306 063	809 876
61 - 90 Days	5 754 688	386 048	468 406
91 - 120 Days	3 851 525	102 493	387 334
121 - 365 Days	5 204 140	309 096	274 236
+ 365 Days	109 146 048	2 358 672	4 407 072
Sub-total	155 416 028	3 939 025	7 355 167
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(75 655 325)	-	-
Total debtors by customer classification	79 760 703	3 939 025	7 355 167

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

	2015 R	2014 R
Water and Sewerage: Ageing		
Current (0 – 30 days)	13 001 169	16 420 207
31 - 60 Days	12 783 500	17 640 256
61 - 90 Days	8 854 057	6 609 142
91 - 120 Days	7 568 493	4 341 352
121 - 365 Days	7 916 899	5 787 472
+ 365 Days	159 451 561	115 911 791
Total	209 575 679	166 710 220

Reconciliation of the doubtful debt provision

Balance at beginning of the year	75 655 325	75 694 159
Contributions to provision	40 409 419	18 547 232
Bad debts recovered	(3 402 441)	3 242 654
Doubtful debts written off against provision	(23 800 126)	(21 828 720)
Balance at end of year	88 862 177	75 655 325

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

Petty cash and cash on hand	24 000	24 000
Bank statement balance	31 839 096	44 814 379
Total	31 863 096	44 838 379

The Municipality has the following bank accounts:-

Water Bank Account

ABSA Bank Account - Durban Branch

Account Number 4057878321 - Current Account

Cash book balance at beginning of year	3 862 941	11 690 566
Cash book balance at end of year	1 428 369	3 862 941
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	3 190 450	10 665 280
Bank statement balance at end of year	1 863 088	3 190 450

Salaries Bank Account

First National Bank - Durban Branch

Account Number 62006302385 - Current Account

Cash book balance at beginning of year	271 645	51 413
Cash book balance at end of year	109 274	271 645
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	271 645	51 403
Bank statement balance at end of year	109 404	271 645

Main Bank Account

First National Bank Account - Durban Branch

Account Number 50851211546 : Current Account

Cash book balance at beginning of year	1 640 820	1 251 477
Cash book balance at end of year	7 509 528	1 640 820
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	2 397 916	1 275 920
Bank statement balance at end of year	7 854 676	2 397 916

Revenue Bank Account

First National Bank - Durban Branch

Account Number 62409366722 : Current Account

Cash book balance at beginning of year	2 632 166	789 588
Cash book balance at end of year	1 677 072	2 632 166
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	2 734 324	819 057
Bank statement balance at end of year	1 747 075	2 734 324

Projects Bank Account

First National Bank - Durban Branch

Account Number 62046718841 - Current Account

Cash book balance at beginning of year	9 063 597	406 572
Cash book balance at end of year	1 507 621	9 063 597
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	9 063 597	406 572
Bank statement balance at end of year	1 507 621	9 063 597

Inter Bank Transfers

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

	2015 R	2014 R
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>ABSA Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 9114541258 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	110 053	104 539
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	111 679	107 817
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>ABSA Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 9183363524 : Call account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	20 565	19 999
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	21 302	20 565
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>ABSA Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 9095950633 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	16 896	16 444
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	17 502	16 896
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>ABSA Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 9216956711 - Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	21 693 144	1 611 662
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	11 815	21 693 144
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>First National Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 61085067093 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	1 095	54 884
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	10 289 249	1 095
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>First National Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 74104346206 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	455 540	433 943
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	455 540	455 540
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>First National Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
<i>Account Number 74453548694 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	669 084	-
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	-	669 084
<u>Investment Current Account</u>		
<i>First National Bank</i>		
<i>Account Number 62313562309 : Call Account</i>		
Bank statement balance at the beginning of the year	778 933	4 521 993
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	7 626 776	778 933

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

	2015 R	2014 R
Investment Current Account		
<i>First National Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
Account Number 62129309937 : Call Account		
Bank statement balance at the begining of the year	1 160	40 876
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	1 222	1 160
Investment Current Account		
<i>Standard Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
Account Number 293302 : Call Account		
Bank statement balance at the begining of the year	-	1 948 834
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	-	-
Investment Current Account		
<i>Investec Bank Account - Durban Branch</i>		
Account Number 50003100564 : Call Account		
Bank statement balance at the begining of the year	3 201 377	-
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	-	3 201 377
Investment Current Account		
<i>Rand Merchant Bank Account</i>		
Account Number XS021900669 : Call Account		
Bank statement balance at the begining of the year	210 836	-
Bank statement balance at the end of the year	222 149	210 836
Petty cash and cash on hand	24 000	24 000
Total investments	18 757 233	27 156 447
Bank Statement Balance	13 081 864	17 681 932
Cash book balance at beginning of year	17 471 168	14 189 616
Cashbook balance at year end	12 255 863	17 471 168

4 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

KwaDukuza Municipality	-	772 426
Ndwedwe Town Development	217 256	
Department of Water Affairs (Emergency Drought Relief)	20 034 984	
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	11 905 884	
Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	14 787 180	
Department of Water Affairs (LTBWSS)	27 240 702	18 674 083
Total Other Debtors	74 186 007	19 446 509

5 OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Investments in municipal entity - Enterprise Ilembe Development Agency	100	100
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ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

	2015 R	2014 R
6 INVENTORIES		
Opening balance of inventories:	7 078 439	5 062 183
Consumable stores - at Net Replacement Cost	6 815 465	4 770 977
Water	262 974	291 206
Movements:	7 862 652	2 016 256
Consumable stores	7 707 821	2 044 488
Water	154 830	(28 232)
Closing balance of inventories:	14 941 091	7 078 439
Consumable stores	14 523 286	6 815 465
Water	417 804	262 974

7 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Staff loans	236 494	253 801
Less: Provision for bad debts	(236 494)	(236 494)
Total	-	17 307

These loans were as a result of bursaries granted to certain staff members as part of a bursary scheme approved by council in previous financial years.

8 INVESTMENTS

Financial Instruments		
ABSA zero coupon investment	22 982 423	21 549 063

This investment has been ceded as security against the long term loan from ABSA disclosed in Note 15

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

10.1 Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land	Buildings	Infrastructure	Assets Under Construction	Other Assets	Finance lease assets	Total
	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
As at 1 July 2014							
Cost/Revaluation	3 242 903	12 961 663	790 791 797	239 481 924	7 724 091	1 900 037	1 056 102 421
Correction of prior year error (note 31)							
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	(5 477 160)	(428 196 992)	-	(13 847 892)	(9 923 448)	(457 445 492)
Acquisitions	-	-	1 184 249	-	783 093	38 826 120	40 793 462
Capital under Construction	-	-	-	351 030 740	-	351 030 740	
Depreciation	-	(635 854)	(39 805 968)	(2 250 190)	(12 962 449)		(55 704 460)
Carrying value of disposals	-	-	-	(181 212)	(114 767)		(295 979)
Cost/Revaluation	-	-	-	(4 189 391)	(8 193 628)	(12 383 019)	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	-	4 008 179	8 073 860	12 087 039	
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	83 736 016	(34 555)	-	83 701 461	
Transfers	-	-	187 932 972	(202 340 873)	-	(14 407 900)	
Other movements (change in accounting estimates)	-	(704 397)	111 979 368	-	-	111 274 971	
As at 30 June 2015	3 242 903	11 571 412	1 135 818 435	388 171 792	6 041 228	27 646 941	1 572 494 511
Cost/Revaluation	3 242 903	18 438 824	1 408 106 012	388 171 792	18 165 636	42 455 977	1 878 581 198
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	(6 867 411)	(272 287 576)	-	(12 124 458)	(14 807 036)	(306 086 481)

ILLEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for year ended 30 June 2014

10.2 Reconciliation of Carrying Value		Land R	Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Assets Under Construction	Other Assets R	Finance lease assets R	Total R
As at 1 July 2013		3 242 908	13 688 275	895 014 329	380 809 045	9 996 753	5 726 132	1 308 477 442
Cost/Revaluation		-	-	-	400 692 034	21 449 976	21 926 035	1 258 971 075
Correction of prior year error (note 31) - Cost		-	-	-	-19 882 988.72	-	-	174 360 993
Correction of prior year error (note 31) -								
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses		-	-	(9 438 554)	-	-	(9 438 554)	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses		(4 855 806)	(82 907 141)			(11 453 223)	(16 199 903)	(115 416 072)
Acquisitions								
Capital under Construction					188 377 409	887 392	-	189 264 801
Depreciation					296 838 018	-	296 838 018	
Carrying value of disposals					(2 890 357)	(3 605 736)	(38 958 588)	
Cost/Revaluation					(182 044)	(143 117)	(999 837)	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses					(765 385)	(10 025 308)	(11 551 127)	
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss					583 341	9 882 191	10 551 290	
Transfers								
*Other movements								
As at 30 June 2014		3 242 908	12 961 663	790 791 977	239 481 924	7 724 091	1 977 280	1 060 620 572
Cost/Revaluation		3 242 908	18 438 824	1 175 082 254	248 800 009	21 571 983	11 900 727	1 479 036 706
Correction of prior year error (note 31) - Cost								34 588 452
Correction of prior year error (note 31) -								
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses								
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses		-	(5 477 160)	(423 756 083)	-	(13 847 892)	(9 923 448)	(453 004 583)

Refer to Appendix B for more detail on property, plant and equipment

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

11 HERITAGE ASSETS

	Moveable Objects	Total
	R	
11.1 Reconciliation of carrying value		
As at 1 July 2014	205 578	205 578
Cost	205 578	205 578
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-
As at 30 June 2015	205 578	205 578
Cost	205 578	205 578
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-
11.2 Reconciliation of carrying value		
as at July 2013	205 578	205 578
Cost	205 578	205 578
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-
as at June 2014	205 578	205 578
Cost	205 578	205 578
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

12 Reconciliation of carrying value	Licenses	Computer Software	Total
	R	R	R
As at 1 July 2014	2 129 936	3 880 728	6 010 666
Cost	2 204 434	7 818 752	10 023 186
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	(74 497)	(3 938 024)	(4 012 521)
Acquisitions	281 156		281 156
Other Movements		1 327.09	1 327
Amortisation	-	(1 704 782)	(1 704 782)
As at 30 June 2015	2 411 093	2 167 932	4 579 024
Cost	2 485 590	7 820 079	10 305 669
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	(74 497)	(5 652 148)	(5 726 645)

12 Reconciliation of carrying value

	Licenses	Computer Software	Total
	R	R	R
As at 1 July 2013	2 124 397	4 294 237	6 418 634
Cost	2 198 894	6 882 599	9 081 493
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	(74 497)	(2 588 362)	(2 662 859)
Acquisitions	5 539	936 153	941 692
Amortisation	-	(1 349 662)	(1 349 662)
Carrying value of disposals	-	-	-
Cost	-	-	-
Accumulated amortisation	-	-	-
Other movements	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2014	2 129 936	3 880 728	6 010 666
Cost	2 204 434	7 818 752	10 023 186
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	(74 497)	(3 938 024)	(4 012 521)

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
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13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

	IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
Trade creditors	102 846 537	46 370 751
Consumer debtors with credit balances	4 299 669	5 680 841
Staff leave accrual	10 486 456	9 951 655
Outstanding Payments	345 279	757 097
Other creditors	139 688 893	106 821 749
13th Cheque	4 226 942	4 723 194
Consumer water deposits	4 993 192	7 033 098
Vat payable		7 033 098
Total creditors	266 886 973	181 338 385

The fair value of trade and other payables approximates their carrying amounts.

VAT is payable on the receipts basis. VAT is paid over to SARS only once payment is received from debtors.

14 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
Provincial Townsh'p Establishment	1 166 610	1 319 805
Section 78	(0)	200 000
MIG	(0)	3 193 174
Rural Housing Grant	-	4 000 000
Customer Satisfaction Survey	-	26 958
Water Services Operating Grant	-	9 035 287
COGTA INFRASTRUCTURE	-	-
IGR Grant	-	198 015
Municipal Governance & Administration	-	24 459
Environmental Management	-	141 332
Financial Management Grant	-	-
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	-	-
Operating Refurb Grant	-	-
MWIG	-	517 772
Ndwedwe Town Development	-	507 707
Corridor Funding	-	535 864
Disaster Management - DBSA	-	165 477
EPWP	2 267 171	2 349 000
DROUGHT (NDMC)	5 468 894	-
Rural Transport Service Grant	-	267 487
Grants - Other	864 846	992 800
Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	9 767 521	23 475 118

Non-current unspent conditional grants and receipts

Current portion of unspent conditional grants and receipts **9 767 521** **23 475 118**

See Note 21 for reconciliation of grants and receipts. These amounts are invested in ring-fenced investment until utilised.

15 BORROWINGS

Development Bank of South Africa	60 594 635	59 383 844
ABSA	30 787 808	30 000 000
	91 382 443	69 383 844
Less : Current portion transferred to current liabilities		
Development Bank of South Africa	1 516 041	3 115 127
ABSA	1 516 041	3 115 127
Non current portion of borrowings	89 866 402	86 268 717

Development Bank of South Africa

Bear interest at rates between 9.02% and 11.04% per annum and are repayable every six months with the last repayment due on 30 September 2025.

ABSA Loan

Bears interest at 10.8% per annum, interest is paid quarterly and the loan is repayable in 2025.

Refer to Appendix A for more detail on borrowings.

16 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY

as at 30 June 2015	Minimum lease payment R	Future finance charges R	Present value of minimum lease payments R
Amounts payable under finance leases			
Within one year	10 814 535	2 388 165	8 426 370
Within two to five years	29 729 744	6 532 880	23 196 864
	40 544 279	8 921 045	31 623 234
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion)			8 426 370
			23 196 864

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
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The leases are for a variety of motor vehicles that are utilised in the course of performing the Municipality's powers and functions. The leases are for five years and 240 000 kilometres. The interest rates vary between 9.0% and 15.5%. The termination dates vary between November 2013 and November 2015. The leases are repaid monthly and include maintenance and make provision for the payment of excess distance travelled where applicable. At the termination of the leases the vehicles revert to the lessor.

as at 30 June 2014	Minimum lease payment R	Future finance charges R	Present value of minimum lease payments R
Amounts payable under finance leases			
Within one year	1 498 707	46 414	1 452 292
Within two to five years	461 628	20 581	441 046
	<u>1 960 335</u>	<u>66 996</u>	<u>1 893 339</u>
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion)			<u>1 452 292</u>
			<u>441 046</u>

The leases are for a variety of motor vehicles that are utilised in the course of performing the Municipality's powers and functions. The leases are for five years and 240 000 kilometres. The interest rates vary between 9.0% and 15.5%. The termination dates vary between November 2013 and November 2015. The leases are repaid monthly and include maintenance and make provision for the payment of excess distance travelled where applicable. At the termination of the leases the vehicles revert to the lessor.

17 SERVICE CHARGES

Sale of water	103 577 824	92 768 097
Sewerage and sanitation charges	50 669 218	18 317 464
Revenue Forgone	(9 266 144)	(8 180 802)
Total Service Charges	145 000 897	102 904 759

18 RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

iLembe Auditorium	17 756	-
Rental of facilities	-	-
Total rentals	17 756	-

19 INTEREST EARNED - BANK BALANCES

Bank	3 614 065	4 401 310
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20 INTEREST EARNED - OUTSTANDING RECEIVABLES

Interest on debtors	14 393 406	13 119 710
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21 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES

Equitable share	290 468 000	253 386 000
MIG Grant	200 084 058	170 482 602
Other Government Grants and Subsidies	222 107 830	141 353 632
Total Government Grant and Subsidies	712 659 888	565 222 234

21.1 Equitable Share

Balance unspent at beginning of year	290 468 000	253 386 000
Current year receipts	(290 468 000)	(253 386 000)
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		
Conditions met	-	-

21.2 Municipal Infrastructure Grant

Balance unspent at beginning of year	3 193 174	53 182
Current year receipts	184 985 000	177 501 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(200 084 058)	(169 871 484)
Adjustments and Transfers	11 905 884	(4 489 525)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-0.00	3 193 174

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts owed by COGTA, for which a debtor has been created (see note 4)

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21.3 Other Grants

Balance unspent at beginning of year	992 800	992 800
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(127 954)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	864 846	992 800

21.4 SECTION 78 GRANT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	200 000	200 000
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(200 000)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	200 000

21.5 WATER SERVICE OPERATING GRANT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	9 035 267	-
Current year receipts	-	11 139 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(8 743 823)	(2 103 733)
Adjustments and Transfers	(291 445)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	9 035 267

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts realized as savings and transferred to other income

21.6 WATER SERVICE OPERATING GRANT - SUNDUMBILI

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	4 500 000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(4 500 000)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	-

21.7 REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT - LTBWSS

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	57 180 362	89 880 813
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(75 351 400)	(76 293 239)
Adjustments and Transfers	18 171 038	(13 587 574)
Conditions met	-	-

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts owed by the Department of Water Affairs, for which a debtor has been created (see note 4), amounts received pertaining to debtors for the previous financial year, as well as internally funded portion of the project.

21.8 RURAL TRANSPORT SERVICE

Balance unspent at beginning of year	267 488	768 926
Current year receipts	2 120 000	1 807 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2 387 488)	(2 308 438)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	267 488

21.9 DISASTER MANAGEMENT GRANT (DBSA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	165 476	165 476
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(165 476)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	165 476

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21.10 SHARED SERVICES GRANT (DPSS)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	1 000 000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1 000 000)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	-

21.11 MWIG

Balance unspent at beginning of year	517 772	-
Current year receipts	39 000 000	49 692 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(54 304 952)	(49 174 228)
Adjustments and Transfers	14 787 180	-
Conditions met	-	517 772

Adjustments and transfers relate to debtors owed by COGTA (see note 4)

21.12 PROVINCIAL TOWNSHIP ESTABLISHMENT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	1 319 805	1 881 915
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(153 195)	(493 079)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	(69 031)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	1 166 610	1 319 805

21.13 Municipal Governance & Admin

Balance unspent at beginning of year	198 015	573 084
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(87 079)	(375 068)
Adjustments and Transfers	(110 936)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	198 015

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts realized as savings and transferred to other income

21.14 CORRIDOR FUNDING

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	-	500 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(500 000)
Conditions met	-	-

21.15 CORRIDOR - NORTH URBAN DEVELOP PLAN PHASE 2

Balance unspent at beginning of year	535 864	535 864
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-535 864	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	0	535 864

21.16 RURAL HOUSING GRANT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	4 000 000	-
Current year receipts	-	4 000 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(3 996 000)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	(4 000)	-
Conditions still to be met	-	4 000 000

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts realized as savings and transferred to other income

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21.17 KDM MIG GRANT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	19 939 656	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(16 130 639)	7 337 566
Adjustments and Transfers	(3 008 942)	(7 337 566)
Conditions met	<u>800 075</u>	<u>-</u>

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts received for the debtors amount pertaining to the previous financial year.

21.18 FMG

Balance unspent at beginning of year	141 332	-
Current year receipts	1 250 000	1 250 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1 391 332)	(1 080 015)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	(28 653)
Conditions still to be met	<u>-</u>	<u>141 332</u>

21.19 MSIG

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	934 000	890 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(934 000)	(890 000)
Conditions met	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>

21.20 EPWP

Balance unspent at beginning of year	2 349 000	1 349 000
Current year receipts	2 218 000	1 000 000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2 299 829)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>2 267 171</u>	<u>2 349 000</u>

21.21 LGSETA

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	250 042
Current year receipts	-	77 800
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(237 686)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	(90 156)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

21.21 IGR GRANT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	73 800
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(64 737)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	(9 063)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

21.22 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Balance unspent at beginning of year	24 459	307 639
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(248 403)
Adjustments and Transfers	(24 459)	(34 777)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>0.00</u>	<u>24 459</u>

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts realized as savings and transferred to other income

21.23 NDWEDWE TOWN DEVELOPMENT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	507 707	507 707
Current year receipts	5 383 726	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(5 358 499)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	(532 934)	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>-</u>	<u>507 707</u>

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts owed by Ndwedwe Municipality, for which a debtor has been created, as well as amounts declared as output VAT.

21.24 Customer Satisfaction Survey

Balance unspent at beginning of year	26 958	580 000
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(485 125)
Adjustments and Transfers	(26 958)	(67 917)
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	<u>-</u>	<u>26 958</u>

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts realized as savings and transferred to other income

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21.25 Melville Package Plant

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	611 118
Current year receipts	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(611 118)
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	-

21.27 EMERGENCY DROUGHT RELIEF - DWS

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	10 693 210	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(30 728 194)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	20 034 984	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	-	-

Adjustments and transfers relate to amounts owed by the Department of Water Affairs, for which a debtor has been created. (see note 4)

21.28 MASSIFICATION - MANDENI WATER CONSERVATION AND DEMAND MANAGEMENT

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	9 931 000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(9 931 000)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 15)	-	-

21.29 DROUGHT RELIEF GRANT (CoGTA/NDMC)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
Current year receipts	9 250 000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(3 781 106)	-
Adjustments and Transfers	-	-
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 14)	5 468 894	-

22 OTHER INCOME, PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS

22.1 Other income

Tender Documents	148 071	456 039
Telephone recovered	226 809	173 390
Clearance certificates	925 297	572 931
Private developers	-	1 001 244
Siza Water Concession	1 464 156	1 436 000
Insurance proceeds	2 706	94 559
Developers Capital Contribution	-	22 108 970
Shared Service	1 833 251	1 644 332
Enterprise Ilembe	1 289 112	-
New connections	-	177 002
Vat Refunds	-	4 837 824
Other income	1 323 453	981 660
	7 212 856	33 483 951

23 EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS

Employee related costs - Salaries and Wages	107 184 213	94 568 559
Employee related costs - Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical	20 654 893	17 075 150
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowance	3 977 579	3 112 692
Housing benefits and allowances	758 426	612 857
Overtime payments	6 283 619	4 437 846
Performance and other bonuses	8 251 511	6 147 753
Long-service awards	1 592 129	2 775 714
Other employee related costs	4 710 840	5 605 025
Employee Related Costs	153 413 213	134 335 596

There were no advances to employees.

Remuneration of the Municipal Manager

Annual Remuneration	82 474	877 621
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence	11 246	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds and other allowances	149	92 897
13th Cheque Provision	7 810	-
Total	101 679	970 518

The Municipal Manager position was filled in June 2015

Remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer

Annual Remuneration	899 274	845 978
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence	198 401	185 702
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds and other allowances	1 785	1 784
Total	1 099 459	1 033 464

Remuneration of Individual Executive Director	Technical Services R	Corporate Services R	Corporate Governance R
30 June 2015			
Annual Remuneration	274 169	725 498	1 016 113
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence &	-	240 192	20 313
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	446	72 521	1 785
Total	274 615	1 038 210	1 038 210

The position for Director: Technical Services was filled in April 2015

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	IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
June 2014		
Annual Remuneration	- 621 242	853 125
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence &c	- 205 675	121 875
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Fund	- 62 207	1 785
Total	- 889 124	976 785

The position for Director: Technical Services is currently vacant.

24 REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS

Mayor	791 402	638 271
Deputy Mayor	700 142	564 766
Speaker	413 360	307 213
Executive Committee Members	1 658 603	1 333 349
Councillors' Allowances	4 455 769	3 314 287
Councillors' pension and medical aid contributions	569 310	471 648
Total Councillors' Remuneration	8 589 586	6 629 534

In-kind Benefits

The Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and Executive Committee Members are full-time. Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.

The Mayor, Deputy Mayor and Speaker has use of the Council owned vehicle for official duties. The Mayor has 2 full-time bodyguards.

25 DEPRECIATION, IMPAIRMENT AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Depreciation	(55 570 510)	38 958 584
Impairment of Assets	(83 655 289)	299 742 658
Intangible assets	1 704 782	1 349 661
Total Depreciation, Impairment and Amortisation	(137 521 017)	340 050 903

The impairment reversal recognized mainly relates to impairment of infrastructure assets due to significant changes in the remaining useful lives of these assets.

26 FINANCE COSTS

Borrowings	8 524 798	9 034 822
Leases	2 722 135	232 123
Total Finance Costs	11 246 933	9 266 946

27 BULK PURCHASES

Electricity	74 440 680	72 296 236
Total Bulk Purchases	74 440 680	72 296 236

28 CONTRACTED SERVICES

Contracted services for:		
Management Contact WSSA	-	11 859 226
Lease of Machinery & Equipment	380 201	337 035
Reconnections/Disconnections	-	2 134 731
Plant Hire	31 116 392	11 480 723
Security	16 259 639	24 121 634
Salga gamas	4 660 313	4 598 163
LEASE OF M/V - MAINT CHARGES	7 391 455	
Smart Boxes	20 693	
Meter reading contractors	149 835	199 735
Fax & Copier rentals	2 530 358	2 512 344
Lease of Vehicles	-	1 436 131
Rental of Buildings	219 347	276 886
Vehicle Hire	1 966 602	5 411 232
Insurance	2 021 836	1 169 827
	66 716 671	65 537 666

29 GRANT EXPENSES

Grant Expenditure	34 217 638	35 317 924
FMG Expenditure	1 359 053	1 080 015
LED Projects	-	
Siza Water Concession Monitoring	2 220 349	
Rems Grant Operating Expenditure	-	
Tourism	-	
PROVINCIAL TOWNSHIP ESTABLISHMENT	134 381	493 079
LG SETA Grant Expenditure	-	
Corridor Grant Expenditure	87 079	500 000
MUNICIPAL GOV & ADMINISTRATION	377 960	375 068
SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN	-	
IGR Grant Expenditure	-	68 204
RURAL HOUSEHOLD GRANT	3 505 263	-
EMF	-	248 403
Maphumulo HH Sanitation	9 753 554	10 562 632
MIG PMU	-	-
Ndwedwe Ward 16 Sanitation	-	-
Mandeni Ward 16 HH Sanitation	6 913 678	8 514 232
Ndwedwe HH Sanitation	9 866 321	12 991 167
Citizen Satisfaction Survey	-	485 125

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30 GENERAL EXPENSES

Included in general expenses are the following:-		
Advertising	1 866 989	1 574 394
Admin fees	-	-
Audit fees	1 913 681	2 272 672
Bank charges	196 170	163 492
Bursaries	-	-
Cleaning	1 170 855	1 081 490
Conferences and delegations	56 150	253 897
Connection charges	-	-
Consulting fees	-	-
Consumables	-	1 264 687
Debt collection commission	-	-
Departmental consumption	-	-
Entertainment	1 133 584	959 677
Financial management grant	-	-
Fuel and oil	10 809 561	6 469 711
Insurance	1 745	-
Legal expenses	350 231	471 031
Levies paid	-	-
LG Seta Expenditure	1 294 055	669 704
Licence fees - vehicles	29 923	14 051
Licence fees - computers	-	280 906
Membership fees	1 768 521	1 055 550
Parking	-	-
Postage	1 590 160	1 442 006
Printing and stationery	889 342	946 969
Professional fees	3 057 144	1 742 777
Disaster Management	1 600 301	
Rental of buildings	-	-
Lease of machinery and equipment	-	-
Rental of computer equipment	-	205 041
IDP & Planning	721 767	-
Security costs	-	-
Property rates	658 549	
Commission: Agency	330 864	
Special Projects - Youth, Gender, HIV	946 705	1 069 618
Subscription & publication	-	6 502
Sports Development	523 066	
Telephone cost	3 169 200	3 052 335
Training	2 036 943	2 313 511
Transport claims	-	
Travel and subsistence	2 887 777	1 791 448
Uniforms & overalls	1 813 490	1 029 735
Water and Sanitation	1 776 976	5 727 273
Electricity & Water	18 518 142	15 557 436
LED Projects	16 708 146	15 800 000
Shared Services	2 136 121	3 006 152
Public Participation	2 498 468	2 068 231
Siza Water	442 369	1 575 735
Other	7 024 617	3 351 444
	89 921 612	77 217 476

31 CORRECTION OF PRIOR YEAR ERRORS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

Property, plant and equipment	-	1 434 393
<i>An error was discovered in the calculation of the 2013 accumulated depreciation which resulted in the overstatement of the net book value of property, plant & equipment. It was further discovered that assets under construction which were completed in the prior years were not transferred to completed assets as a result depreciation and accumulated depreciation was understated.</i>		
	12 471 879	
<i>Items categorised as capital assets in nature within the assets under construction in the prior year which have been now expensed</i>	29 201 072	
Forex Loss	-	
Unspent Grants Liabilities	(250 042)	
Leased assets	77 243	
<i>LG Seta funding has previously been disclosed as grants and clearly was received from Treasury to say it is not a grant but rather Forex Liability</i>	(4 784)	
<i>Credit Note not accounted for at 30 June 2013 resulting in Forex Liability being overstated</i>		
Finance Lease Liability - Reversal of operational lease liability	340 325	(52 324)
Revenue Receipts not raised in prior year 2013/14	(145 920)	
Stock Adjustments	1 579 824	(1 023 893)
Bank and Cash		(6 102)
Intangible Assets	1 327	
Provision		
<i>adjustment to the 13th Cheque provision for December 2013 to June</i>	(3 137 970)	
Consumer Debtors		
<i>Adjustments to consumer transactions relating to prior years</i>	243 191	(135 157)
Trade Creditors	416 498	(2 045 688)
<i>rebates adjustments in prior year 2013/14</i>	(94 660)	
<i>Reversal of charges</i>		
Correction of cash book balance	(269 903)	
Other Debtors	(3 416 352)	
<i>Claim in respect of RBIG funded capital project expenditure raised erroneously</i>		
Rent amounts owed to enterprise ilembe	(19 911)	
Amounts owing to the entity	(70 850)	
Invalid orders		
<i>Orders erroneously raised as accruals in the 2013/14 financial year</i>	4 123 828	
Staff Debtors	14 220	(61 869)
Other	(9 546)	(9 453)
	(445 899)	39 595 275

32 CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS

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Surplus/(deficit) for the year	488 751 999	(74 223 627)
Adjustment for:-		
Depreciation and amortisation	(137 521 017)	340 050 903
Forex Loss	6 245	999 838
Loss on disposal of PPE	(15 392)	81 899
Contribution to provisions - non-current	40 409 419	18 547 232
Contribution to provisions - current	1 592 129	2 775 714
Finance costs	11 246 933	9 266 946
Prior Year Adjustments	(445 899)	39 595 275
Investment Income	(3 614 065)	(4 401 310)
Bad debts written off	(23 800 126)	(21 828 720)
Operating surplus before working capital changes:	376 276 189	310 864 149
Increase in inventories	(7 882 652)	(2 016 256)
Increase/(decrease) in trade receivables	(26 124 806)	(25 784 986)
(Increase)/decrease in other receivables	(54 739 498)	26 595 185
Increase in conditional grants and receipts	(13 707 597)	14 624 564
(Decrease) Increase in trade payables	85 548 587	40 759 089
Other assets	-	11 918 922
Other liability	-	-
Cash generated by/(utilised in) operations	359 390 224	376 960 666

33 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:

Bank balances and cash	31 863 096	13 242 232
Net cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdrafts)	31 863 096	13 242 232

UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL

34 EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED

34.1 Unauthorised expenditure

Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure current year	12 971 211	9 251 672
Approved by Council/Board or condoned	(12 971 211)	(9 251 672)
Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation	-	-

Incident

Unauthorized expenditure was as a result of expenditure on municipal water infrastructure grant that exceeded the 2014/2015 allocation.

Action taken

Council has certified the unauthorised expenditure as irrecoverable and written it off in terms of section 32(2) of the MFMA.

34.2 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Opening balance -		68 712
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year	92 146	259 160
Certified as irrecoverable and written off		(327 872)
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting condonement	92 146	-

Incident

The fruitless and wasteful expenditure relates to late cancellation of the hotel booking at Hampshire Hotel.

Action taken

The amount has been referred to MPAC .

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34.3 Irregular expenditure

Reconciliation of irregular expenditure

Opening balance	-	3 081 319
Irregular expenditure current year	2 590 940	9 129 167
Certified by council as irrecoverable and written off	-	(12 210 486)
Irregular expenditure awaiting condonement	<u>2 590 940</u>	<u>-</u>

Incident

The irregular expenditure is a result of certain instances of non-compliance with the SCM policy and processes.

Action taken

The irregular expenditure has been referred to MPAC.

34.4 Deviations

Deviations were approved in terms of regulation 36 of the Supply Chain Management Policy:

Total value	12 264 957	19 926 776
	<u>12 264 957</u>	<u>19 926 776</u>

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE

35 MANAGEMENT ACT

35.1 Contributions to organised local government

Opening balance	-	-
Council subscriptions	1 714 103	1 030 725
Amount paid - current	(1 228 820)	(1 030 725)
Balance unpaid (included in payables)	<u>485 283</u>	<u>-</u>

35.2 Audit fees

Opening balance	-	-
Current year audit fee	1 913 681	2 272 672
Amount paid - current year	(1 913 681)	(2 272 672)
Balance unpaid (included in payables)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

35.3 VAT

VAT input receivables and VAT output payables are shown in note 13. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.

35.4 PAYE and UIF

Opening balance	1 588 164	1 268 943
Current year payroll deductions	23 284 210	16 791 372
Amount paid - current year	(21 457 597)	(15 203 208)
Amount paid - previous years	(1 588 164)	(1 268 943)
Balance unpaid (included in payables)	<u>1 826 613</u>	<u>1 588 164</u>

The balance represents PAYE and UIF deducted in June 2015 payroll. These amounts were paid in July 2015

35.5 Pension and Medical Aid Deductions

Opening balance	1 278 308	1 833 138
Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions	32 592 204	22 411 093
Amount paid - current year	(29 798 115)	(21 087 741)
Amount paid - previous years	(1 278 308)	(1 878 182)
Balance unpaid (included in payables)	<u>2 794 089</u>	<u>1 278 308</u>

The balance represents Pension & Medical aid deducted in July 2015 payroll. These amounts were paid in June 2015 except for medical and RA which were paid within the month of deduction which is June 2015.

35.6 Councillor's arrear consumer accounts

	Total	Outstanding less than 90 days	Outstanding more than 90 days
	R	R	R
as at 30 June 2015			
Councillor A Badul	976	613	363
Councillor MP Ntuli	710	409	300
Councillor RN Pakkies	790	682	108
Councillor MSC Motala	9 392	3 997	5 395
Councillor LR Mbonambi	1 847	1 847	-
Councillor JM Mkhize	938	455	484
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	14 651	8 002	6 649
as at 30 June 2014			
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	-	-	-

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35.6 Material losses

35.6.1 Asset impairment (losses)/

Reversal

Council incurred material infrastructure asset impairment losses in the prior year due to significant deterioration in the remaining useful lives and recoverable amounts of these assets. However, the current financial year assessment resulted in the reversal of impairment losses.

83 701 461 (299 742 658)

35.6.2 Debt impairment losses

Although the revenue collection has slightly improved compared to the prior years, council has incurred material debt impairment losses written off against the provision for bad debts. This is mainly as a result of restricted inactive accounts that are accumulating interest with no corresponding payments, pensioner accounts and deceased consumer accounts that are accumulating interest. This write-off has resulted in a decrease in consumer debtors and provision for bad debts.

(23 800 126) (21 828 720)

35.7

Percentage distribution			
Distribution Losses			
Units lost (kilolitres)			
Illegal connections and other	48%	5 359 290	3 192 288
Main leaks	37%	4 091 162	5 600 745
Reservoir overflows	0%	29 223	40 005
Service connection leaks	15%	1 724 132	2 360 314
Units lost (kilolitres)	100%	11 203 807	11 193 352
Units lost (sales price per kilolitre - rands)		77 824 205	75 314 609
Units lost (purchase price per kilolitre - rands)		32 672 380	34 882 914
Units lost (percentage)		44%	48%

The distribution losses are mainly due to illegal connections, main leaks (ageing infrastructure), reservoir overflows and service connection leaks. A five year strategic master plan for the reduction of non revenue water has been adopted by the municipality to address this problem.

Material Losses sewer revenue

35.9 losses

It was noted that there were inconsistencies between the sewer revenue charged to individual consumers and charges per the approved tariff policy. The reason for the differences is that old consumers were charged based on the 2007/2008 valuation roll instead of the 2011 valuation rolls from the Local Municipalities. This has resulted in a total loss of revenue of R12.2million. It has proved very expensive to use the valuation roll as basis of charging sewer hence council resolved to change the basis from valuation roll to water consumption basis in the 2014/2015 budget year. Included in the amount written off is an amount of R1.1 million in respect of 2012/2013 sewer increase of 8% that was not billed to the individual consumers. This has resulted in a decrease in debtors and provision for bad debts.

36 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

36.1 Commitments in respect of capital expenditure

- Approved and contracted for	232 953 997	509 444 979
Infrastructure	232 953 997	482 963 638
Community	-	26 481 341
- Approved but not yet contracted for	2 271 997 991	2 328 050 025
Infrastructure	2 271 997 991	2 328 050 025
Total	2 504 951 988	2 837 495 004
This expenditure will be financed from:		
- External Loans	2 005 994 621	2 320 107 133
- Government Grants	27 006 179	46 557 683
- Own resources	471 951 188	470 830 188
- Funding still to be sourced	2 504 951 988	2 837 495 004

37 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS INFORMATION

37.1 Defined contribution plan

The following are defined contribution plans: Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund, National Treasury, Government Employee Pension Fund, SALA Pension Fund and Municipal Councillors Pension Fund. These contributions have been expensed.

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

IDM 2015 R	IDM 2014 R
------------------	------------------

37.2 Other Long-term benefit plan

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the municipality.

The municipality's net obligation in respect of long service awards is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of any related assets is deducted to determine the net obligation.

The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on AA credit-rated bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the municipality's obligations. The calculation is performed using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains and losses are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which

The independent valuers carried out a statutory valuation as at 30 June 2015.

The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

Discount rate per annum	8%	8%
Inflation rate	7%	6%
Net effective discount rate	1%	1%
Benchmark inflation (equal to salary inflation)	7%	7%
Average retirement age	63	63
Mortality during employment	SA 85-90 ultimate	SA 85-90 ultimate
Percentage of in-service members withdrawing before retirement:		
Age 20	40%	40%
Age 30	25%	25%
Age 40	12%	12%
Age 50	4%	4%
Age 55+	2%	2%

Statement of Financial Position were determined as being the present value of the obligation:

7 271 627	6 685 000
------------------	------------------

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Movement in the defined benefit obligation is as follows:

Balance at beginning of the year	6 685 000	4 221 000
Current service cost	771 000	510 000
Interest cost	550 000	320 000
Benefit payments	(1 005 502)	(311 714)
Actuarial (gains)/losses	271 129	1 945 714
Balance at end of year	7 271 627	6 685 000

The timing of the employee benefits is as follows:

Current portion of employee benefits	801 472	571 000
Employee benefit obligation	6 470 155	6 114 000
	7 271 627	6 685 000

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance were as follows:

Current service cost	771 000	510 000
Interest cost	550 000	320 000
Actuarial (gains)/losses	271 129	1 945 714
	1 592 129	2 775 714

38 RELATED PARTIES

Members of key management
Controlled Municipal Entity

Section 57 managers
Ilembe District Municipality has a 100% holding in Ilembe Development Enterprise (Pty) Ltd.

Compensation to councillors and other key management

Refer to note 23 & 24

Related party balances

Amount owed by Ilembe Enterprise included in other receivables - 231 964

Amount owed to Ilembe Enterprise included in other payables (12 697 884)

Related party transactions

Transactions with Enterprise Ilembe Development Agency

16 708 146

Grant funding from the parent for LED projects

153 731

Rental of offices

300 433

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

IDM 2015 R	IDM 2014 R
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39 RISK MANAGEMENT

39.1 Maximum credit risk exposure

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and trade debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-

Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluates credit risk relating to customers on an ongoing basis. If customers are independently rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors.

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows:

Consumer debtors	209 575 679	166 710 220
Other debtors	74 186 007	19 446 509
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Ageing of consumers		
Current (0 – 30 days)	13 001 169	16 420 207
31 - 60 Days	12 783 500	17 640 256
61 - 90 Days	8 854 057	6 609 142
91 - 120 Days	7 568 493	4 341 352
121 - 365 Days	7 916 899	5 787 472
+ 365 Days	159 451 561	115 911 791
Total	209 575 679	166 710 220
Less: Provision for bad debts	(88 862 177)	(75 655 325)
Net consumer debtors	<hr/>	<hr/>
	120 713 502	91 132 770
 Cash and cash equivalents		
Other investments	31 863 096	44 838 379
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	22 982 423	21 549 063
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	54 845 519	66 387 442

These balances represent the maximum exposure to credit risk.

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at 30 June 2015

IDR 2015 R	IDR 2014 R
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39.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the municipality will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The municipality's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is available to meet its liabilities when due; without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Municipality's reputation.

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

The Municipality's liability are backed by appropriate assets and it has significant liquid resources.

The table below analyses the municipality's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the Statement of Financial Position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Within a year	Between 2 to 5 years	Total
2015			
Gross finance lease obligations	8 426 370	23 196 864	31 623 234
Borrowings	1 516 041	89 886 402	91 382 443
Trade and other payables	276 654 494	-	276 654 494
Other	801 472	6 470 155	7 271 627
	287 398 376	119 533 421	406 931 797
<hr/>			
2014	Between 2 to 5 years	Total	
Gross finance lease obligations	1 452 292	441 046	1 893 339
Borrowings	3 115 127	86 268 717	89 383 844
Trade and other payables	204 813 503	-	204 813 503
Other	571 000	6 114 000	6 685 000
	209 951 923	92 823 764	302 775 686

39.3 Interest rate risk

The Municipality is not exposed to interest rate risk on its financial liabilities. All of the Municipality's interest bearing external loan liabilities are fixed interest loans.

The municipality's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the municipality to fair value interest rate risk.

The Municipality is exposed to fairvalue interest rate on its external loan liabilities , which are all fixed

At year end, financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	31 863 096	44 838 379
Other investments	22 982 423	21 549 063
Gross finance lease obligations	31 623 234	1 893 339
Borrowings	91 382 443	89 383 844
Consumer debtors	209 575 679	166 710 220

39.4 Foreign Currency Risk

Municipality had a three year contract for the deployment of Microsoft share point with Microsoft, which has since expired, therefore no foreign currency risk exists during the 2014/15 financial year.

At year end

Foreign exchange losses were:	6 245	81 899
Foreign exchange liability was:	144 376	856 454

Sensitivity analysis:
The Spot rate at 30 June 2015 was 12.2934, should the spot rate increase by 10% the foreign liability will be R 158 813.13 and the foreign loss will increase to R 6 869.37. Should the spot rate decrease by 10% the forex liability will be R 129 938.01 and the Forex loss will decrease to R 5 620.39.

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX A
UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS
as at 30 June 2015

EXTERNAL LOANS		Loan number	Redeemable Date	Balance at 1 July 2014	Received during the period	Interest Paid during the period	Loans Raised During the period	Redeemed / written off during the period	Balance at 30 June 2015
		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
LONG-TERM LOANS									
ABSA Bank @10.65%		2025	2025/09/30	30 000 000	-	1 610 630	787 808	1 516 041	30 787 808
Development Bank of SA @10.80%				59 383 844	-	2 606 237	2 608 459		60 476 262
Total long-term loans				89 383 844	-	4 216 867	3 396 267	1 516 041	91 264 070
ANNUITY LOAN									
Development Bank of SA @16.50%		13527	2014	75 963	5 483	66 284	-	9 679	
Development Bank of SA @13.45%		11578		238				238	
Total capital creditors				76 201	-	5 483	-	66 284	9 917
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				89 460 045	-	4 222 350	3 396 267	1 582 325	91 273 987

ILLEMBO DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX B

UNAUDITED ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

as at 30 June 2015

Cost / Revaluation	Accumulated Depreciation										Reversal of impairment loss	Impairment loss	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	Opening Balance	Additions	Change in policy/prior year errors	Disposals	Transfers	Under Construction	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals				
Land	R	R		R		R	R	R		R			R	R
3 242 908	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 242 908	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 242 908
Buildings	18 438 825	-	-	-	-	-	18 438 825	(5 477 160)	-	-	(7 004 397)	-	-	(6 867 411)
Infrastructure														
Sewerage Works & Purification	91 122 101	76 405 53	38 619 030 00	-	2 851 455	-	122 669 216	(37 682 045)	(4 261 403)	-	(4 279 641)	11 323 101	(1 869 135)	85 920 087
Water Mains & Irrigation	1 371 806 090	1 107 782 26	-38 619 030 00	-	185 081 518	-	128 543 797	(309 534 945)	(35 544 560)	-	116 259 006	105 231 452	(36 955 402)	1 049 939 349
Under construction	239 481 924	-	-	-	(202 340 873)	351 030 740	389 171 701 55	(14 407 900)	1 196 277 304	(428 196 992)	(39 805 568)	-	(38 171 791 55)	388 171 791 55
Total carried forward	1 458 470 775	1 184 249	-	-	-	-	351 030 740	389 171 701 55	(14 407 900)	(428 196 992)	(39 805 568)	-	(272 287 576)	1 523 990 228
	1 430 152 448	1 184 249	-	-	-	-	351 030 740	389 171 701 55	(14 407 900)	(428 196 992)	(39 805 568)	-	(272 287 576)	1 523 990 228

Total carried forward

ILLEMBO DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX B

ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

as at 30 June 2015

Cost / Revaluation	Accumulated Depreciation										Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	Closing Balance	Carrying Value	
	Opening Balance	Additions	Change in policy/prior year errors	Disposals	Under Construction	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Change in policy/prior year errors				
Total brought forward	R	R		R	R	R	R	R	R		R	R	R	
1 430 152 448	1 184 249	-	(14 407 900)	351 030 740	1 177 595 537	(433 674 151)	(40 491 322)	-	-	-	111 274 971	116 560 553	(32 124 637)	
Other Assets														
Office Equipment	3 079 830	622 382	-	(160 859)	(281 145)	3 541 332 76	(2 003 284)	(346 652)	148 630	-	(13 257)	(2 304 773)	1 236 507	
Machinery & Equipment	2 369 300	104 713	-	(3 316 798)	(430 589)	2 192 560	(1 584 212)	(264 057)	202 310	-	(8 430)	(1 594 457)	598 411	
Transport Assets	8 404 607	56 019	-	-	-	5 087 809 07	(4 810 578)	(760 155)	3 196 484	-	(2 374 250)	2 713 550		
Computer Equipment	7 718 105	-	-	-	-	7 343 624	(5 360 021)	(879 106)	400 796	-	(12 903)	(5 851 181)	1 452 444	
	21 571 932	733 093	-	(4 189 391)	-	18 165 685	(13 848 095)	(2 250 190)	4 008 179	-	(34 555)	(12 124 661)	6 041 022	
Finance Lease Assets														
Other Assets	11 900 727	38 826 120	(754 119)	(8 193 628)	-	41 779 100	(9 923 448)	(12 962 449)	8 078 860	676 877	-	(14 130 159)	27 648 941	
	11 900 727	38 826 120	(754 119)	(8 193 628)	-	41 779 100	(9 923 448)	(12 962 449)	8 078 860	676 877	-	(14 130 159)	27 648 941	
Total	1 513 625 158	40 793 462	(754 119)	(12 383 019)	(14 407 900)	351 030 740	1 177 595 537	(433 674 151)	(457 445 695)	(55 704 460)	12 087 039	676 877	111 274 971	116 560 553

Total

LEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX B
ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
 as at 30 June 2014

	Cost / Revaluation						Accumulated Depreciation					
	Change in policy/prior year errors			Under Construction			Closing Balance			Depreciation		
	Opening Balance R	Additions R	Disposals R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land	3 242 908	-	-	-	-	-	3 242 908	-	-	-	-	3 242 908
Buildings	18 544 081	-	-	(105 257)	-	-	18 438 824	(4 855 806)	(628 079)	6 725	-	(5 477 160)
Infrastructure												
Sewerage Mains & Purification	79 703 991	1 430 306	-	(12 276)	-	-	81 122 101	(12 699 046)	(2 720 076)	1 550	(128 106)	(22 116 365)
Water Mains & Purification	713 412 049	186 947 023	238 150 519	(642 001)	-	-	1 237 866 690	(70 208 093)	(20 114 340)	77 483	(13 751 356)	(30 534 046)
Under construction	400 002 034	-	-	-29 201 073 91	(428 847 055)	206 838 018	239 481 924	-	-	-	-	(29 625 005)
Total carried forward	1 215 595 083	188 377 409	208 949 446	(760 434)	(428 847 055)	206 838 018	1 480 152 447	(87 762 946)	(32 462 495)	85 758	(13 879 462)	(29 655 005)
LEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY												
APPENDIX B												
ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT												
as at 30 June 2014												
	Cost / Revaluation						Accumulated Depreciation					
	Change in policy/prior year errors			Under Construction			Closing Balance			Depreciation		
	Opening Balance R	Additions R	Disposals R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Total brought forward	1 215 595 063	188 377 409	208 949 446	(760 434)	(428 847 055)	206 838 018	1 480 152 447	(87 762 946)	(32 462 495)	85 758	(13 879 462)	(29 655 005)
Other Assets												
Office Equipment	3 167 069	78 296	-	(165 475)	-	-	3 079 850	(1 813 432)	(380 204)	104 793	-	(2 093 284)
Machinery & Equipment	2 427 013	46 228	-	(103 041)	-	-	2 369 300	(1 282 464)	(372 945)	80 943	-	(1 584 000)
Transport Assets	8 037 200	634 211	-	(286 810)	-	-	8 404 607	(4 135 120)	(831 415)	205 227	-	(4 260)
Computer Equipment	7 818 688	128 687	(229 159)	-	-	-	7 718 198	(4 222 207)	(325 753)	192 378	-	(4 450)
	21 449 976	387 392	-	(765 385)	-	-	21 571 983	(11 453 223)	(2 830 357)	583 341	-	(87 653)
Finance Lease Assets												
Other Assets	21 926 035	-	-	(10 025 308)	-	-	11 900 727	(16 199 903)	(3 605 735)	9 882 191	-	(9 923 448)
	21 926 035	-	-	(10 025 308)	-	-	11 900 727	(16 199 903)	(3 605 735)	9 882 191	-	(9 923 448)
Total	1 258 971 075	189 264 801	208 949 446	(11 551 127)	(428 847 055)	206 838 018	1 513 625 158	(115 416 072)	(38 958 583)	10 551 290	(13 879 462)	(29 742 653)
	(457 445 492)											1 056 179 664

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX C
UNAUDITED SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
as at 30 June 2015

	Cost / Revaluation						Accumulated Depreciation					
	Opening Balance R	Additions R	Under Construction R	Disposals R	Closing Balance R	Opening Balance R	Additions R	Disposal R	& Impairment Loss/Reversal R	Closing Balance R	Carrying value R	
Executive & Council												
Finance & Admin	16 122 802	56 019	(3 747 387)	12 431 433	(10 170 600)	1 639 262	3 597 239	(12 809)	(8 225 430)	4 206 003		
Waste Management	27 130 914	727 075	(442 004)	27 415 984	(9 154 655)	(1 266 782)	410 940	(726 143)	(10 766 641)	16 649 343		
Water	81 122 101	76 467	-	81 198 568	(37 662 046)	(4 261 408)	-	5 174 325	(36 749 128)	44 449 439		
Under Construction	1 137 886 690	1 107 782	-	1 138 974 472	(390 534 946)	(35 544 560)	-	190 541 059	(235 538 448)	903 436 024		
Other	239 481 924	-	336 622 840	-	576 104 764	-	-	190 541 059	(235 538 448)	576 104 764		
	11 900 727	38 072 000	(8 193 628)	41 779 100	(9 923 448)	(12 962 449)	8 078 860	676 877	(14 130 159)	27 648 941		
Total	1 513 625 158	40 039 343	336 622 840	(12 383 019)	1 877 904 322	(457 445 595)	(55 704 460)	12 087 039	195 653 308	(305 409 807)	1 572 494 513	

ILEMBE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX D
UNAUDITED SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE
as at 31 May 2015

	2014 Actual R	2014 Expenditure R	2014 Surplus / (Deficit) R		2015 Actual R	2015 Expenditure R	2015 Surplus / (Deficit) R
41 432 243	60 614 515	(19 182 272)		Executive & Council	47 594 950	56 764 456	(9 169 506)
136 186 000	106 284 503	29 901 497		Finance & Admin	162 573 667	115 082 431	47 491 236
8 371 809	20 692 246	(12 320 437)		Planning & Development	12 781 417	20 103 619	(7 322 202)
1 924 930	4 185 504	(2 260 574)		Community & Social Services	-	5 284 325	(5 284 325)
66 506 893	46 323 143	20 183 750		Waste Management	121 490 445	50 576 566	70 913 880
464 710 089	555 242 203	(90 532 115)		Water	548 218 179	137 941 422	410 276 758
719 131 963	793 342 113	(74 210 152)		Total	892 658 659	385 752 818	506 905 839